

Test Booklet Code



NEET 2018

TEST DATE : 06.05.2018

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so. Read carefully the Instructions on the Back Cover of this Test Booklet.

Important Instructions:

- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **Side-1** and **Side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **CC**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the .Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is *not* permissible on the Answer Sheet.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals)						
Roll Number	: in figures					
	: in words					
Centre of Exam	Centre of Examination (in Capitals) :					
Candidate's Sign	nature	Invigilator's Signature				
Fascimile signa	ture stamp of					
Centre Superint	endent					

BIOLOGY

SECTION - I

1.	Niche is			[Ans. (1)]
	(1) the functional role played by the organism w	here it lives		
	(2) the range of temperature that the organism n	eeds to live		
	(3) the physical space where an organism lives			
	(4) all the biological factors in the organism's en	nvironment		
2.	Which of the following is a secondary pollutant	?		[Ans. (1)]
	(1) O_3 (2) SO_2	(3) CO ₂	(4) CO	
3.	In stratosphere, which of the following element of molecular oxygen?	s acts as a catalyst in d	egradation of ozo	ne and release [Ans. (3)]
	(1) Oxygen (2) Fe	(3) Cl	(4) Carbon	
4.	World Ozone Day is celebrated on			[Ans. (2)]
	(1) 22^{nd} April	(2) 16 th September	r	
	(3) 21 st April	(4) 5 th June		
5.	What type of ecological pyramid would	be obtained with the fo	llowing data?	[Ans. (4)]
	Secondary consumer: 120 g	Primary consumer	: 60 g	
	Primary producer: 10 g			
	(1) Upright pyramid of biomass	(2) Upright pyram	id of numbers	
	(3) Pyramid of energy	(4) Inverted pyran	nid of biomass	
6.	Natality refers to			[Ans. (3)]
	(1) Number of individuals entering a habitat	(2) Number of ind	ividuals leaving th	ne habitat
	(3) Birth rate	(4) Death rate		
7.	Offsets are produced by			[Ans. (3)]
	(1) Parthenogenesis	(2) Parthenocarpy		
	(3) Mitotic divisions	(4) Meiotic division	ons	
8.	The experimental proof for semiconservative	ve replication of DNA	was first shown in	a [Ans. (3)]
	(1) Virus (2) Plant	(3) Bacterium	(4) Fungus	
9.	Select the <i>correct</i> match:			[Ans. (1)]
	(1) François Jacob and - Lac operon			
	Jacques Monod			
	(2) Matthew Meselson - Pisum sativum and F. Stahl			
	(3) Alfred Hershey and - TMV Martha Char	se		
	(4) Alec Jeffreys - Streptococcus pne	umoniae		
10.	Which of the following has proved helpful in pro-	eserving pollen as fossi	ls?	[Ans. (1)]
	(1) Sporopollenin (2) Oil content	(3) Cellulosic intii	ne (4) Pollenki	tt

11.	Which of the following pairs is <i>wrongly</i> matched?			[Ans. (4)]	
	(1) T.H. Morgan : Linkage				
	(2) XO type sex : Grasshopper				
	determination				
	(3) ABO blood grouping : Co-dominance				
	(4) Starch synthesis in pea : Multiple allele	S			
12.	Which of the following flowers only once in its lif	e-time?		[Ans. (4)]	
	(1) Papaya	(2) Mango			
	(3) Jackfruit	(4) Bamboo species			
13.	Select the <i>correct</i> statement:			[Ans. (3)]	
	(1) Transduction was discovered by S. Altman.				
	(2) Spliceosomes take part in translation.				
	(3) Punnett square was developed by a British scie	entist.			
	(4) Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage".				
14.	The Golgi complex participates in			[Ans. (3)]	
	(1) Activation of amino acid	(2) Respiration in bac	teria		
	(3) Formation of secretory vesicles	(4) Fatty acid breakdo	wn		
15.	The stage during which separation of the paired ho	omologous chromosomes	begins is	[Ans. (3)]	
	(1) Zygotene (2) Diakinesis	(3) Diplotene	(4) Pachytene		
16.	Stomatal movement is <i>not</i> affected by			[Ans. (2)]	
	(1) CO ₂ concentration	(2) O_2 concentration			
	(3) Light	(4) Temperature			
17.	Stomata in grass leaf are			[Ans. (4)]	
	(1) Barrel shaped	(2) Rectangular			
	(3) Kidney shaped	(4) Dumb-bell shaped			
18.	Which of the following is not a product of light rea	action of photosynthesis)	[Ans. (3)]	
	(1) Oxygen (2) NADPH	(3) NADH	(4) ATP		
19.	Which of the following is true for nucleolus?			[Ans. (1)]	
	(1) It is a site for active ribosomal RNA synthesis.				
	(2) It takes part in spindle formation.				
	(3) It is a membrane-bound structure.				
	(4) Larger nucleoli are present in dividing cells.				
20.	Which among the following is <i>not</i> a prokaryote?			[Ans. (4)]	
	(1) Oscillatoria	(2) Nostoc			
	(3) Mycobacterium	(4) Saccharomyces			
21.	The two functional groups characteristic of su	igars are		[Ans. (4)]	
	(1) carbonyl and hydroxyl	(2) carbonyl and phos	phate		
	(3) carbonyl and methyl	(4) hydroxyl and meth	nyl		

2 -

22.	Match the items given	n in Col	umn I with those i	in Column II and select t	he correct option g	given below:	
	Column I		Column II			[Ans. (1)]	
	a. Herbarium		•	ng a collection of preserv	•		
	b. Key	ii.		erates methodically all that aiding identification.	ne species found in	n an area with	
	c. Museum		Is a place where of are kept.	dried and pressed plant	specimens mount	ed on sheets	
	d. Catalogue	iv	A booklet contain	ning a list of characters a	nd their alternates	which are	
			helpful in identifi	cation of various taxa			
	a	b		c	d		
	(1) iii	iv		i	ii		
	(2) ii	iv		iii	i		
	(3) iii	ii		i	iv		
	(4) i	iv		ii	ii		
23.	Which one is wrongly	/ matche	ed?			[Ans. (4)]	
	(1) Unicellular organi	ism	- Chlorella				
	(2) Gemma cups		- Marchant	ia			
	(3) Biflagellate zoosp	ores	- Brown al	gae			
	(4) Uniflagellate gam	etes	- Polysipho	onia			
24.	After karyogamy follo	owed by	meiosis, spores a	are produced exogenousl	y in	[Ans. (2)]	
	(1) Saccharomyces	(2)	Agaricus	(3) Alternaria	(4) Neurospo	ora	
25.	Winged pollen grains	are pres	sent in			[Ans. (1)]	
	(1) Pinus	(2)	Mango	(3) Cycas	(4) Mustard		
26.	Which of the follow lymphocytes?	ing is c	ommonly used a	s a vector for introduci	ng a DNA fragm	ent in human [Ans. (3)]	
	(1) pBR 322	(2)	λ phage	(3) Ti plasmid	(4) Retroviru	IS	
27.	A 'new' variety of rice India for a long time.			gn company, though suc	h varieties have be	een present in [Ans. (1)]	
	(1) Basmati	(2)	Lerma Rojo	(3) Sharbati Sonor	ra (4) Co-667		
28.	Use of bioresources concerned country an	•	-	nies and organisations	without authorisat	ion from the [Ans. (3)]	
	(1) Bioexploitation	(2)	Biodegradation	(3) Biopiracy	(4) Bio-infrii	ngement	
29.	Select the <i>correct</i> mat	tch:				[Ans. (4)]	
	(1) G. Mendel	-	Transformation				
	(2) T.H. Morgan	-	Transduction				
	(3) $F_2 \times \text{Recessive pa}$	rent -	Dihybrid cross				
	(4) Ribozyme	-	Nucleic acid				
30.	The correct order of s	teps in l	Polymerase Chain	Reaction (PCR) is		[Ans. (1)]	
	(1) Denaturation, Ann	nealing,	Extension	(2) Denaturation, l	Extension, Anneali	ing	
	(3) Annealing, Extension, Denaturation			(4) Extension, Der	(4) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing		

31.	In India, the organ organisms for public	isation responsible for as	ssessing the safety of i	ntroducing genetica	ally modified [Ans. (1)]	
	(1) Genetic Enginee	ering Appraisal Committee	e (GEAC)			
	(2) Research Comm	ittee on Genetic Manipula	ation (RCGM)			
	(3) Council for S	Scientific and Industria	al Research (CSIR)			
	(4) Indian Council of	of Medical Research (ICM	R)			
32.	What is the role of N	NAD ⁺ in cellular respiration	on?		[Ans. (3)]	
	(1) It is the final elec	ctron acceptor for anaerob	oic respiration.			
	(2) It is a nucleotide	source for ATP synthesis	- J.			
	(3) It functions as an	n electron carrier.				
	(4) It functions as an	n enzyme.				
33.		ollowing plants shows a verblete its life cycle without	-	th a species of moth	n, where none [Ans. (3)]	
	(1) Viola	(2) Banana	(3) Yucca	(4) Hydrilla		
34.	Pollen grains can be	stored for several years in	n liquid nitrogen having	a temperature of	[Ans. (2)]	
	(1) – 160°C	(2) -196°C	$(3) - 80^{\circ}\text{C}$	(4) - 120°C		
35.	In which of the follo	owing forms is iron absorb	ed by plants?		[Ans. (4)]	
	(1) Both ferric and f	Perrous	(2) Free element			
	(3) Ferrous		(4) Ferric			
36.	Double fertilization	is			[Ans. (1)]	
	(1) Syngamy and tri	ple fusion				
	(2) Fusion of two m	ale gametes with one egg				
	(3) Fusion of one m	ale gamete with two polar	nuclei			
	(4) Fusion of two m	ale gametes of a pollen tu	be with two different egg	gs		
37.	Oxygen is not produ	iced during photosynthesis	s by		[Ans. (4)]	
	(1) Chara	(2) Cycas	(3) Nostoc	(4) Green su	lphur bacteria	
38.	Which of the follow	ing elements is responsibl	e for maintaining turgor	in cells?	[Ans. (2)]	
	(1) Calcium	(2) Potassium	(3) Sodium	(4) Magnesiu	ım	
39.	Pneumatophores oc	cur in			[Ans. (4)]	
	(1) Submerged hydr	rophytes	(2) Carnivorous p	olants		
	(3) Free-floating hye	drophytes	(4) Halophytes			
40.	Select the <i>wrong</i> sta	itement:			[Ans. (2)]	
	(1) Mitochondria are the powerhouse of the cell in all kingdoms except Monera.					
	(2) Pseudopodia ar	re locomotory and feedi	ng structures in Sporozo	ans.		
	` ´	ong to Basidiomycetes.				
	• •	ent in members of Fungi a				
41.		d phloem in dicot stem ar			[Ans. (3)]	
	(1) Axillary meriste		(2) Phellogen			
	(3) Vascular cambiu	ım	(4) Apical merist	ems		

(1) Phospholipid synthesis
(2) Cleavage of signal peptide
(3) Protein glycosylation
(4) Protein folding

Select the *incorrect* match:

(1) Polytene chromosomes
(2) Submetacentric chromosomes
(3) Allosomes
(4) Lampbrush chromosomes
(4) Lampbrush chromosomes
(5) Diplotene bivalents
(6) Cleavage of signal peptide
(7) Protein folding

[Ans. (1)]
(8) Protein folding

- Oocytes of amphibians
- L-shaped chromosomes
- Diplotene bivalents

51.

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52.	Which of the fol	lowing is	an amino acid derive	ed hormone?		[Ans. (4)]
	(1) Estriol	(2	2) Estradiol	(3) Ecdysone	(4) Epinep	hrine
53.	Which of the fol	lowing str	uctures or regions is	incorrectly paired with it	s function?	[Ans. (3)]
	(1) Corpus callo	sum :	band of fibers con	nnecting left and right cer	rebral hemisphe	eres.
	(2) Hypothalam	us :	production of rel and thirst.	easing hormones and reg	gulation of temp	perature, hunger
	(3) Limbic syste	em :	consists of fibre t	tracts that interconnect dient.	fferent regions of	of brain;
	(4) Medulla oble	ongata :	controls respiration	on and cardiovascular ref	lexes.	
54.	Which of the fol	lowing ho	rmones can play a si	gnificant role in osteopor	rosis?	[Ans. (2)]
	(1) Parathyroid	hormone a	nd Prolactin	(2) Estrogen and Pa	arathyroid horm	none
	(3) Progesterone	and Aldo	sterone	(4) Aldosterone and	d Prolactin	
55.	The transparent	lens in the	human eye is held in	n its place by		[Ans. (4)]
	(1) smooth muse	cles attache	ed to the ciliary body	y (b) smooth muscles	s attached to the	e iris
	(3) ligaments at	tached to tl	ne iris	(4) ligaments attacl	hed to the ciliar	y body
56.	In a growing po	pulation of	a country,			[Ans. (4)]
	(1) pre-reproduc	tive indivi	duals are less than th	he reproductive individua	ls.	
	(2) reproductive	and pre-re	productive individu	als are equal in number.		
	(3) reproductive	individual	ls are less than the po	ost-reproductive individu	als.	
	(4) pre-reproduc	tive indivi	duals are more than	the reproductive individu	ıals.	
57.	Match the items	given in C	Column I with those i	in Column II and select th	ne <i>correct</i> optio	n given below:
	Column I		Column II		1	[Ans. (2)]
	a. Eutrophicati	on i.	UV-B radiation			. (/)
	b. Sanitary land	dfill ii	. Deforestation			
	c. Snow blindn	ess ii	ii. Nutrient enrichm	ent		
	d. Jhum cultiva	ition i	v. Waste disposal			
	a. b	c	d			
	(1) i ii	iv	iii			
	(2) iii iv	i	ii			
	(3) i iii	iv	ii			
	(4) ii i	iii	iv			
58.	Which part of po	oppy plant	is used to obtain the	drug "Smack"?		[Ans. (3)]
	(1) Leaves	(2	2) Roots	(3) Latex	(4) Flower	·S
59.	Which one of production of an		ving population int	eractions is widely use	d in medical	science for the [Ans. (1)]
	(1) Amensalism	(2) Parasitism	(3) Mutualism	(4) Comm	ensalism
60.	. ,	`	cluded in 'Ex-situ co	. ,		[Ans. (3)]
	(1) Seed banks	•	2) Botanical garden	-	(4) Wildlit	fe safari parks
61.	Which of the fol	·	,	help in erythropoietin?	•	[Ans. (1)]
			_	(3) Mucous cells	(4) Chief o	

62.		_	en in Co		Column II and select the	correct option given below:
	Co	olumn I		Column II		[Ans. (1)]
	a. Fi	brinogen	i.	Osmotic balance		
	b. G	lobulin	ii.	Blood clotting		
	c. A	lbumin	iii.	Defence mechanism		
	a.	b	c			
	(1) ii	iii	i			
	(2) i	iii	ii			
	(3) i	ii	iii			
	(4) ii	ii	i			
63.	Calciu	um is importar	nt in skel	etal muscle contraction	n because it	[Ans. (4)]
	(1) pr	events the form	mation o	f bonds between the m	nyosin cross bridges and	the actin filament.
	(2) de	taches the my	osin head	from the actin filame	ent.	
	(3) ac	tivates the my	osin AT	Pase by binding to it.		
	(4) bi	nds to troponi	n to remo	ove the masking of act	tive sites on actin for my	osin.
64.	Which	h of the follow	ing is an	occupational respirate	ory disorder?	[Ans. (1)]
	(1) Er	nphysema	(2)	Botulism	(3) Silicosis	(4) Anthracis
65.		ΓATCGCAT nce of the tran	-	_	g strand of a gene. Wh	at will be the corresponding [Ans. (4)]
	(1) U	CCAUAGCG	UA (2)	ACCUAUGCGAU	(3) UGGTUTCGCA	T (4) AGGUAUCGCAU
66.	A wor	man has an X-	linked co	ondition on one of her	X chromosomes. This	chromosome can be inherited [Ans. (1)]
	(l) Bo	oth sons and d	aughters		(2) Only grandchildre	en
	(3) O	nly sons			(4) Only daughters	
67.	Match	the items giv	en in Co	lumn I with those in C	Column II and select the	correct option given below:
	Co	olumn I		Column II		[Ans. (2)]
	a. Pr	oliferative Pha	ase i.	Breakdown of endon	netrial lining	
	b. Se	ecretory Phase	ii.	Follicular Phase		
	c. M	enstruation	iii.	Luteal Phase		
	a.	b	c			
	(1) iii		ii			
	(2) ii	iii	i			
	(3) i	iii	ii			
	(4) iii		i			
68.	Acco	rding to Hugo	de Vries	s, the mechanism of ev	volution is	[Ans. (3)]
	(1) M	inor mutations	5		(2) Phenotypic variat	ions
	(3) Sa	ltation			(4) Multiple step mut	tations
69.	All of	the following	are part	of an operon except		[Ans. (2)]
	(1) a ı	oromoter	(2)	an enhancer	(3) structural genes	(4) an operator

- 70. Which of the following options correctly represents the lung conditions in asthma and emphysema, respectively? [Ans. (4)]
 - (1) Decreased respiratory surface; Inflammation of bronchioles
 - (2) Increased respiratory surface; Inflammation of bronchioles
 - (3) Increased number of bronchioles; Increased respiratory surface
 - (4) Inflammation of bronchioles; Decreased respiratory surface
- 71. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

Column I Column II [Ans. (4)] a. Tricuspid valve Between left atrium and left ventricle Bicuspid valve b. Bicuspid value ii. Between right ventricle and pulmonary artery c. Semilunar valve iii. Between right atrium and right ventricle b c (1) ii i iii (2) iii iii ii (3) iiii ii (4) iii i ii

72. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the *correct* option given below:

Column I a. Tidal volume i. 2500 - 3000 mL b. Inspiratory Reserve ii. 1100 - 1200 mL volume c. Expiratory Reserve iii. 500 - 550 mL volume d. Residual volume iv. 1000-1100 mL

d b a c (1) iv iii ii i (2) i iv ii iii (3) iii i iv ii (4) iii ii i iv

- 73. Hormones secreted by the placenta to maintain pregnancy are [Ans. (2)]
 - (1) hCG, progestogens, estrogens, glucocorticoids
 - (2) hCG, hPL, progestogens, estrogens
 - (3) hCG, hPL, estrogens, relaxin, oxytocin
 - (4) hCG, hPL, progestogens, prolactin
- 74. The contraceptive 'SAHELI'

[Ans. (4)]

[Ans. (3)]

- (1) is a post-coital contraceptive.
- (2) is an IUD.
- (3) increases the concentration of estrogen and prevents ovulation in females.
- (4) blocks estrogen receptors in the uterus, preventing eggs from getting implanted.

CC

84.	Match the items given in C	Column I with those in Co	nn I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:		
	Column I	Column II		[Ans. (3)]	
	(Function)	(Part of Excretory S	System)		
	a. Ultrafiltration	i. Henle's loop			
	b. Concentration of urine				
	c. Transport of urine	iii. Urinary bladder			
	d. Storage of urine	iv. Malpighian corpusch			
		v. Proximal convolute	d tubule		
	a. b c	d 			
	(1) v iv i	iii			
	(2) v iv ii	iii			
	(3) iv i ii	iii			
	(4) iv v ii	iii			
85.	Among the following s	ets of examples for d	ivergent evolution, se	lect the <i>incorrect</i> option:	
	(1) Eye of octopus, bat and	l man		[Ans. (1)]	
	(2) Brain of bat, man and of	cheetah			
	(3) Heart of bat, man and of	cheetah			
	(4) Forelimbs of man, bat	and cheetah			
86.	Conversion of milk to cure	l improves its nutritional	value by increasing th	e amount of [Ans. (2)]	
	(1) Vitamin E (2) Vitamin B ₁₂	(3) Vitamin A	(4) Vitamin D	
87.	Which of the following ch	aracteristics represent 'Inl	neritance of blood gro	ups' in humans? [Ans. (4)]	
	a. Dominance		b. Co-dominance		
	c. Multiple allele		d. Incomplete dom	nance	
	e. Polygenic inheritance				
	(1) a, c and e (2) b, d and e	(3) a, b and c	(4) b, c and e	
88.	Which of the following is	not an autoimmune diseas	se?	[Ans. (1)]	
	(1) Vitiligo		(2) Alzheimer's dise	ase	
	(3) Rheumatoid arthritis		(4) Psoriasis		
89.	The similarity of bone stru	cture in the forelimbs of	many vertebrates is an	n example of [Ans. (4)]	
	(1) Adaptive radiation		(2) Convergent evol	ution	
	(3) Analogy		(4) Homology		
90.	In which disease does mos	quito transmitted pathoge	en cause chronic infla	mmation of lymphatic vesse	
	(1) Amoebiasis		(2) Ringworm disea	• •	
	(3) Ascariasis		(4) Elephantiasis	[Ans. (4)]	
	、 /		. , 1	i (-)	

92.

93.

(1) 0.529 cm

The colour code sequence will be

(1) Green – Orange – Violet – Gold

(3) Yellow – Violet – Orange – Silver

[Ans. (3)]

[Ans. (4)]

PHYSICS

SECTION - II

A carbon resistor of (47 ± 4.7) k Ω is to be marked with rings of different colours for its identification.

A set of 'n' equal resistors, of value 'R' each, are connected in series to a battery of emf 'E' and

internal resistance 'R'. The current drawn is I. Now, the 'n' resistors are connected in parallel the same

A battery consists of a variable number 'n' of identical cells (having internal resistance 'r' each) which are connected in series, terminals of the battery are short-circuited and the current I is measured.

(3) 11

battery. Then the current drawn from battery becomes 10 I. The value of 'n' is

(2) 20

(2) Yellow – Green – Violet – Gold

(4) Violet – Yellow – Orange – Silver

(4) 10

	Which of the graphs shows the correct relationship between I and n?					
		$(2) \uparrow \qquad \longrightarrow n$	$(3) \qquad \qquad \longrightarrow \qquad $	$(4) \uparrow \qquad $	_	
94.	The power radiated	by a black body is P and	it radiates maximum e	nergy at waveleng	gth, λ_0 . If the	
	temperature of the bla	ack body is now changed s	so that it radiates maxim	num energy at wav	relength $\frac{3}{4}\lambda_0$,	
		it becomes nP. The value			[Ans. (2)]	
	(1) $\frac{81}{256}$	(2) $\frac{256}{81}$	(3) $\frac{4}{3}$	$(4) \ \frac{3}{4}$		
95.	area A and the secon	of the same material and had wire has cross-sectional ce F, how much force is ne	area 3A. If the length	of the first wire is	s increased by	
	(1) F	(2) 4F	(3) 6F	(4) 9F	[Ans. (4)]	
96.	1 0	f water at 100°C and norm steam at 100°C. If the volu- sample, is	• `	/ 1		
	(1) 84.5 J	(2) 42.2 J	(3) 208.7 J	(4) 104.3 J		
97.	-	dius 'r' falls from rest in rate of production of he	-	•		
	$(1) r^4$	(2) r^5	(3) r^2	(4) r^3		
98.	The moment of the fo	orce, $\vec{F} = 4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} - 6\hat{k}$ at (2)	(2, 0, -3), about the point	(2, -2, -2), is gi	ven by	

(1) $-7\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$ (2) $-7\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}$ (3) $-4\hat{i} - \hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$ (4) $-8\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 7\hat{k}$ [Ans. (1)]

A student measured the diameter of a small steel ball using a screw gauge of least count 0.001 cm. The main scale reading is 5 mm and zero of circular scale division coincides with 25 divisions above the

(3) 0.525 cm

(4) 0.521 cm

[Ans. (1)] – 11 —

reference level. If screw gauge has a zero error of -0.004 cm, the correct diameter of the ball is

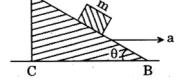
(2) 0.053 cm

- 100. A toy car with charge q moves on a frictionless horizontal plane surface under the influence of a uniform electric field \vec{E} . Due to the force $q\vec{E}$, its velocity increases from 0 to 6 m/s in one second duration. At that instant the direction of the field is reversed. The car continues to move for two more seconds under the influence of this field. The average velocity and the average speed of the toy car between 0 to 3 seconds are respectively [Ans. (3)]
 - (1) 1.5 m/s, 3 m/s
- (2) 1 m/s, 3.5 m/s
- (3) 1 m/s, 3 m/s
- (4) 2 m/s, 4 m/s
- 101. A block of mass m is placed on a smooth inclined wedge ABC of inclination θ as shown in the figure. The wedge is given an acceleration 'a' towards the right. The relation between a and θ for the block to remain stationary on the wedge is
 - (1) $a = g \tan \theta$

(2) $a = g \cos \theta$

(3) $a = \frac{g}{\sin \theta}$

(4) $a = \frac{g}{\cos e c \theta}$



- 102. An em wave is propagating in a medium with a velocity $\vec{V} = V\hat{i}$. The instantaneous oscillating electric field of this em wave is along +y axis. Then the direction of oscillating magnetic field of the em wave will be along [Ans. (3)]
 - (1) –x direction
- (2) y direction
- (3) +z direction
- (4) –z direction
- 103. The refractive index of the material of a prism is $\sqrt{2}$ and the angle of the prism is 30°. One of the two refracting surfaces of the prism is made a mirror inwards, by silver coating. A beam of monochromatic light entering the prism from the other face will retrace its path (after reflection from the silvered surface) if its angle of incidence on the prism is [Ans. (3)]
 - (1) zero
- $(2) 30^{\circ}$

- $(3) 45^{\circ}$
- $(4) 60^{\circ}$
- 104. The magnetic potential energy stored in a certain inductor is 25 mJ, when the current in the inductor is 60 mA. This inductor is of inductance [Ans. (1)]
 - (1) 13.89 H
- (2) 1.389 H
- (3) 138.88 H
- (4) 0.138 H
- 105. An object is placed at a distance of 40 cm from a concave mirror of focal length 15 cm. If the object is displaced through a distance of 20 cm towards the mirror, the displacement of the image will be
 - (1) 36 cm towards the mirror

- (2) 30 cm towards the mirror
- [Ans. (3)]

(3) 36 cm away from the mirror

- (4) 30 cm away from the mirror
- 106. The ratio of kinetic energy to the total energy of an electron in a Bohr orbit of the hydrogen atom, is
 - (1) 1 : -2
- (2) 2:-1
- (3) 1:-1
- (d) 1:1
- 107. An electron of mass m with an initial velocity $\vec{V} = V_0 \hat{i} (V_0 > 0)$ enters an electric field $\vec{E} = -E_0 \hat{i}$ $(E_0 = \text{constant} > 0)$ at t = 0. If λ_0 is its de-Broglie wavelength initially, then its de-Broglie wavelength at time t is [Ans. (4)]
 - (1) λ_0

- $(3) \lambda_0 \left(1 + \frac{eE_0}{mV_0} t \right) \qquad (4) \frac{\lambda_0}{\left(1 + \frac{eE_0}{mV_0} t \right)}$
- 108. When the light of frequency $2v_0$ (where v_0 is threshold frequency), is incident on a metal plate, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted is v_1 . When the frequency of the incident radiation is increased to $5v_0$, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted from the same plate is v_2 . The ratio of v_1 to v_2 is
 - (1) 2:1
- (2) 4:1

- (3) 1:4
- (4) 1:2
- [Ans. (4)]
- 109. For a radioactive material, half-life is 10 minutes. If initially there are 600 number of nuclei, the time taken (in minutes) for the disintegration of 450 nuclei is
 - (1) 15

(2) 30

- (3) 10
- (4) 20

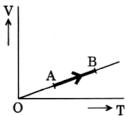
- 110. The volume (V) of a monatomic gas varies with its temperature (T), as shown in the graph. The ratio of work done by the gas, to the heat absorbed by it, when it undergoes a change from state A to state B, is

 [Ans. (4)]
 - (1) $\frac{2}{7}$

(2) $\frac{1}{3}$

(3) $\frac{2}{3}$

(4) $\frac{2}{5}$



- 111. The fundamental frequency in an open organ pipe is equal to the third harmonic of a closed organ pipe. If the length of the closed organ pipe is 20 cm, the length of the open organ pipe is [Ans. (4)]
 - (1) 16 cm
- (2) 12.5 cm
- (3) 8 cm
- (4) 13.2 cm
- 112. The efficiency of an ideal heat engine working between the freezing point and boiling point of water, is [Ans. (4)]
 - (1) 12.5%
- (2) 6.25%
- (3) 20%
- (4) 26.8%
- 113. At what temperature will the rms speed of oxygen molecules become just sufficient for escaping from the Earth's atmosphere? [Ans. (3)]

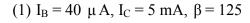
(Given : Mass of oxygen molecule (m) = $2.76 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$

Boltzmann's constant k_B = $1.38\times 10^{-23}~J~K^{-1})$

- (1) $1.254 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- (2) $5.016 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- (3) $8.360 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
 - (4) $2.508 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- 114. Unpolarised light is incident from air on a plane surface of a material of refractive index ' μ '. At a particular angle of incidence 'i', it is found that the reflected and refracted rays are perpendicular to each other. Which of the following options is correct for this situation? [Ans. (3)]
 - $(1) i = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$
 - $(2) i = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$
 - (3) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector perpendicular to the plane of incidence
 - (4) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector parallel to the plane of incidence
- 115. In Young's double slit experiment the separation d between the slits is 2 mm, the wavelength λ of the light used is 5896 Å and distance D between the screen and slits is 100 cm. It is found that the angular width of the fringes is 0.20°. To increase the fringe angular width to 0.21° (with same λ and D) the separation between the slits needs to be changed to [Ans. (4)]
 - (1) 1.7 mm
- (2) 2.1 mm
- (3) 1.9 mm
- (4) 1.8 mm
- 116. An astronomical refracting telescope will have large angular magnification and high angular resolution, when it has an objective lens of [Ans. (2)]
 - (1) small focal length and small diameter
- (2) large focal length and large diameter
- (3) large focal length and small diameter
- (4) small focal length and large diameter
- 117. In the circuit shown in the figure, the input voltage V_i is 20 V, $V_{BE} = 0$ and

 $V_{CE} = 0$. The values of I_B , I_C and β are given by

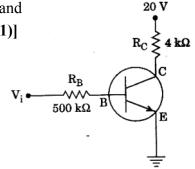




(2) $I_B = 20 \mu A$, $I_C = 5 mA$, $\beta = 250$

(3) $I_B = 25 \mu A$, $I_C = 5 mA$, $\beta = 200$

(4) $I_B = 40 \mu A$, $I_C = 10 mA$, $\beta = 250$



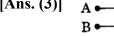
118. In a p-n junction diode, change in temperature due to heating

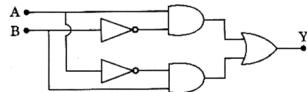
[Ans. (1)]

- (1) affects the overall V I characteristics of p-n junction
- (2) does not affect resistance of p-n junction
- (3) affects only forward resistance
- (4) affects only reverse resistance
- 119. In the combination of the following gates the output Y can be written in terms of inputs A and B as

(1) $\overline{A+B}$

[Ans. (3)]





- (2) $\overline{A.B} + A.B$ (3) $A.\overline{B} + \overline{A}.B$
- (4) $\overline{A.B}$
- 120. A metallic rod of mass per unit length 0.5 kg m⁻¹ is lying horizontally on a smooth inclined plane which makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal. The rod is not allowed to slide down by flowing a current through it when a magnetic field of induction 0.25 T is acting on it in the vertical direction. The current flowing in the rod to keep it stationary is [Ans. (1)]
 - (1) 11.32 A
- (2) 14.76 A
- (3) 5.98 A
- (4) 7.14 A
- 121. An inductor 20 mH, a capacitor 100 μ F and a resistor 50 Ω are connected in series across a source of emf, $V = 10 \sin 314 t$. The power loss in the circuit is [Ans. (4)]
 - (1) 1.13 W
- (2) 2.74 W
- (3) 0.43 W
- (4) 0.79 W
- 122. A thin diamagnetic rod is placed vertically between the poles of an electromagnet. When the current in the electromagnet is switched on, then the diamagnetic rod is pushed up, out of the horizontal magnetic field. Hence the rod gains gravitational potential energy. The work required to do this comes from
 - (1) the induced electric field due to the changing magnetic field

[Ans. (4)]

- (2) the lattice structure of the material of the rod
- (3) the magnetic field
- (4) the current source
- 123. Current sensitivity of a moving coil galvanometer is 5 div/mA and its voltage sensitivity (angular deflection per unit voltage applied) is 20 div/V. The resistance of the galvanometer is [Ans. (4)]
 - (1) 500 Ω
- (2) 250Ω
- (3) 25 Ω
- (4) 40Ω
- 124. A tuning fork is used to produce resonance in a glass tube. The length of the air column in this tube can be adjusted by a variable piston. At room temperature of 27°C two successive resonances are produced at 20 cm and 73 cm of column length. If the frequency of the tuning fork is 320 Hz, the velocity of sound in air at 27°C is [Ans. (3)]
 - (1) 300 m/s
- (2) 350 m/s
- (3) 339 m/s
- (4) 330 m/s
- 125. The electrostatic force between the metal plates of an isolated parallel plate capacitor C having a charge Q and area A, is [Ans. (4)]
 - (1) inversely proportional to the distance between the plates.
 - (2) proportional to the square root of the distance between the plates.
 - (3) linearly proportional to the distance between the plates.
 - (4) independent of the distance between the plates.
- 126. A pendulum is hung from the roof of a sufficiently high building and is moving freely to and fro like a simple harmonic oscillator. The acceleration of the bob of the pendulum is 20 m/s² at a distance of 5 m from the mean position. The time period of oscillation is [Ans. (3)]
 - (1) 1s

(2) 2s

- (3) πs
- (4) $2\pi s$

127.	An electron falls from rest through a vertical distance h in a uniform and vertical	cally upward directed
	electric field E. The direction of electric field is now reversed, keeping its ma	agnitude the same. A
	proton is allowed to fall from rest in it through the same vertical distance h. T.	he time of fall of the
	electron, in comparison to the time of fall of the proton is	[Ans. (4)]

- (1) equal
- (2) 10 times greater
- (3) 5 times greater
- (4) smaller
- 128. The kinetic energies of a planet in an elliptical orbit about the Sun, at positions A, B and C are K_A, K_B and K_C, respectively. AC is the major axis and SB is perpendicular to AC at the position of the Sun S as shown in the figure. [Ans. (3)]
 - (1) $K_B > K_A > K_C$

(2) $K_B < K_A < K_C$

(3) $K_A > K_B > K_C$

- (4) $K_A < K_B < K_C$
- 129. A solid sphere is in rolling motion. In rolling motion a body possesses translational kinetic energy (K_t) as well as rotational kinetic energy (K_r) simultaneously. The ratio K_t : $(K_t + K_r)$ for the sphere is
 - (1) 2:5
- (2) 10:7
- (3) 5:7
- (4) 7:10
- 130. If the mass of the Sun were ten times smaller and the universal gravitational constant were ten times larger in magnitude, which of the following is *not* correct? [Ans. (1)]
 - (1) 'g' on the Earth will not change.
 - (2) Time period of a simple pendulum on the Earth would decrease.
 - (3) Walking on the ground would become more difficult.
 - (4) Raindrops will fall faster.
- 131. A solid sphere is rotating freely about its symmetry axis in free space. The radius of the sphere is increased keeping its mass same. Which of the following physical quantities would remain constant for the sphere? [Ans. (1)]
 - (1) Angular momentum

(2) Rotational kinetic energy

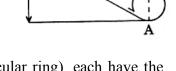
(3) Moment of inertia

- (4) Angular velocity
- 132. A body initially at rest and sliding along a Motionless track from a height h (as shown in the figure) just completes a vertical circle of diameter AB = D. The height h is equal to [Ans. (1)]
 - $(1) \frac{5}{4}D$

(2) $\frac{7}{5}D$

(3) D

(4) $\frac{3}{2}D$



- 133. Three objects, A: (a solid sphere), B: (a thin circular disk) and C: (a circular ring), each have the same mass M and radius R. They all spin with the same angular speed ω about their own symmetry axes. The amounts of work (W) required to bring them to rest, would satisfy the relation
 - (1) $W_A > W_C > W_B$ (2) $W_B > W_A > W_C$ (3) $W_A > W_B > W_C$ (4) $W_C > W_B > W_A$

134. Which one of the following statements is *incorrect*?

[Ans. (1)]

- (1) Coefficient of sliding friction has dimensions of length.
- (2) Frictional force opposes the relative motion.
- (3) Limiting value of static friction is directly proportional to normal reaction.
- (4) Rolling friction is smaller than sliding
- 135. A moving block having mass m, collides with another stationary block having mass 4m. The lighter block comes to rest after collision. When the initial velocity of the lighter block is v, then the value of coefficient of restitution (e) will be [Ans. (3)]
 - (1) 0.4

- (2) 0.8 J
- (3) 0.25
- (4) 0.5

CHEMISTRY

SECTION - III

136. Iron carbonyl, Fe(CO)₅ is

[Ans. (3)]

- (1) dinuclear
- (2) trinuclear
- (3) mononuclear
- (4) tetranuclear
- 137. Match the metal ions given in Column I with the spin magnetic moments of the ions given in Column II and assign the *correct* code: [Ans. (4)]

Column I

Column II

- a. Co³⁺
- $\sqrt{8}$ BM i
- b Cr³⁺
- $\sqrt{35}$ B M
- $c. \quad Fe^{3+}$
- iii $\sqrt{3}$ B M
- d. Ni²⁺
- iv. $\sqrt{24}$ B.M.
- $\sqrt{15}$ B.M.

ii

a c

- (1) iii i
- (2) iv i ii iii
- (3) iii iii iv
- ii
- (4) iv
- 138. Which one of the following ions exhibits d-d transition and paramagnetism as well?
- [Ans. (1)]

- (1) MnO_4^{2-}
- (2) MnO_4^-
- (3) $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$
- (4) CrO_4^{2-}
- 139. The geometry and magnetic behaviour of the complex [Ni(CO)₄] are

[Ans. (3)]

- (1) tetrahedral geometry and paramagnetic
- (2) square planar geometry and paramagnetic
- (3) tetrahedral geometry and diamagnetic
- (4) square planar geometry and diamagnetic
- 140. The type of isomerism shown by the complex $[CoCl_2(en)_2]$ is

R

[Ans. (4)]

(1) Linkage isomerism

(2) Ionization isomerism

(3) Coordination isomerism

- (4) Geometrical isomerism
- 141. Identify the major products P, Q and R in the following sequence of reactions: [Ans. (1)]

Anhydrous

$$+ CH_3CH_2CH_2CI \xrightarrow{AlCl_3} P \xrightarrow{(i) O_2} Q + I$$

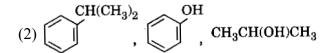
P

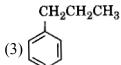
P

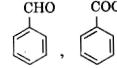
Q

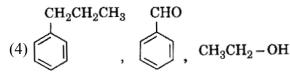
R

(1)
$$CH(CH_3)_2$$
 $CH_3 - CO - CH_3$









142. Which of the following compounds can form a zwitterion?

[Ans. (1)]

- (1) Glycine
- (2) Benzoic acid
- (3) Acetanilide
- (4) Aniline

143. For the redox reaction

[Ans. (3)]

$$MnO_4^- + C_2O_4^{2-} + H^+ \longrightarrow Mn^{2+} + CO_2 + H_2O_3$$

the correct coefficients of the reactants for the balanced equation are

 $MnO_4^ C_2O_4^{2-}$ H^{+}

- 16 (1) 5 2
- 5 (2) 2 16
- 5 (3) 2 16
- (4) 16 5 2
- 144. The correction factor 'a' to the ideal gas equation corresponds to

[Ans. (1)]

- (1) forces of attraction between the gas molecules
 - (2) electric field present between the gas molecules
 - (3) volume of the gas molecules
 - (4) density of the gas molecules
- 145. Which one of the following conditions will favour maximum formation of the product in the reaction,

$$A_2(g) + B_2(g) \rightleftharpoons X_2(g) \Delta_r H = -X kJ$$
?

[Ans. (4)]

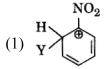
- (1) High temperature and low pressure
- (2) High temperature and high pressure
- (3) Low temperature and low pressure
- (4) Low temperature and high pressure
- 146. The bond dissociation energies of X_2 , Y_2 and XY are in the ratio of 1: 0.5 : 1. ΔH for the formation of XY is -200 kJ mol^{-1} . The bond dissociation energy of X_2 will be [Ans. (2)]
 - (1) 400 kJ mol⁻¹
- (2) 800 kJ mol⁻¹
- (3) 100 kJ mol^{-1}
- (4) 200 kJ mol⁻¹
- 147. When initial concentration of the reactant is doubled, the half-life period of a zero order reaction
 - (1) remains unchanged (2) is tripled
- (3) is doubled
- (4) is halved [Ans. (3)]
- 148. Which of the following molecules represents the order of hybridisation sp², sp, sp from left to right atoms? [Ans. (3)]
 - (1) $CH_3 CH = CH CH_3$

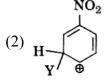
(2) $CH_2 = CH - CH = CH_2$

(3) $CH_2 = CH - C \equiv CH$

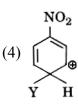
- (4) $HC \equiv C C \equiv CH$
- 149. Which of the following carbocations is expected to be most stable?

[Ans. (2)]









150. Which of the following is correct with respect to -I effect of the substituents? (R = alkyl)

 $(1) -NR_2 > -OR > -F$

- $(2) NH_2 > OR > F$
- [Ans. (3), (4)]

(3) -NR₂ < -OR < -F

(4) -NH₂ < -OR < -F

151. The correct difference between first- and second-order reactions is that

[Ans. (3)]

- (1) the rate of a first-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations
- (2) a first-order reaction can be catalyzed; a second-order reaction cannot be catalyzed
- (3) the half-life of a first-order reaction does not depend on [A]₀; the half-life of a second-order reaction does depend on [A]₀
- (4) the rate of a first-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations
- 152. Among CaH₂, BeH₂, BaH₂, the order of ionic character is

[Ans. (4)]

(1) $BaH_2 \le BeH_2 \le CaH_2$

(2) $BeH_2 < BaH_2 < CaH_2$

(3) $CaH_2 < BeH_2 < BaH_2$

- (4) $BeH_2 < CaH_2 < BaH_2$
- 153. Consider the change in oxidation state of Bromine corresponding to different emf values as shown in the diagram below:

 [Ans. (1)]

$$BrO_{4}^{-} \xrightarrow{1.82 \text{ V}} BrO_{3}^{-} \xrightarrow{1.5 \text{ V}} HBrO$$

$$Br^{-} \xleftarrow{1.0652 \text{ V}} Br_{2} \xleftarrow{1.595 \text{ V}}$$

Then the species undergoing disproportionation is

- (1) HBrO
- (2) Br₂

- (3) BrO_4^-
- (4) BrO_{3}^{-}
- 154. In which case is the number of molecules of water maximum?

[Ans. (4)]

- $(1) 10^{-3}$ mol of water
- (2) 0.00224 L of water vapours at 1 atm and 273 K
- (3) 0.18 g of water
- (4) 18 mL of water
- 155. The compound A on treatment with Na gives B, and with PCl₅ gives C. B and C react together to give diethyl ether. A, B and C are in the order [Ans. (1)]
 - (1) C_2H_5OH , C_2H_5ONa , C_2H_5Cl

(2) C_2H_5Cl , C_2H_6 , C_2H_5OH

(3) C_2H_5OH , C_2H_5Cl , C_2H_5ONa

- (4) C₂H₅OH, C₂H₆, C₂H₅Cl
- 156. Hydrocarbon (A) reacts with bromine by substitution to form an alkyl bromide which by Wurtz reaction is converted to gaseous hydrocarbon containing less than four carbon atoms. (A) is [Ans. (1)]
 - (1) CH₄
- (2) $CH_3 CH_3$
- (3) $CH_2 = CH_2$
- (4) $CH \equiv CH$

157. The compound C_7H_8 undergoes the following reactions:

[Ans. (4)]

$$C_7H_8 \xrightarrow{3Cl_2/\Delta} A \xrightarrow{Br_2/Fe} B \xrightarrow{Zn/HCl} C$$

The product 'C' is

(1) p-bromotoluene

(2) 3-bromo-2,4,6-trichlorotoluene

(3) o-bromotoluene

- (4) m-bromotoluene
- 158. Which oxide of nitrogen is *not* a common pollutant introduced into the atmosphere both due to natural and human activity? [Ans. (4)]
 - (1) NO

(2) N_2O

- (3) NO₂
- $(4) N_2O_5$

159	A mixture of 2.3 g for	rmic acid and 4.5 g ox	alic acid is tre	ated with cone	H ₂ SO ₄ The	e evolved gaseous	
10).	mixture is passed thro						
	(1) 4.4	(2) 2.8	(3) 3.	0	(4) 1.4	[Ans. (2)]	
160.	The difference between	en amylose and amylop	pectin is			[Ans. (4)]	
	(1) Amylose is made	up of glucose and gala	ctose				
	(2) Amylopectin have	$1 \rightarrow 4 \alpha$ -linkage and	$d 1 \rightarrow 6 \beta$ -lin	kage			
	(3) Amylose have 1 –	\rightarrow 4 α -linkage and 1 -	$\rightarrow 6 \beta$ -linkage	e			
	(4) Amylopectin have	$1 \rightarrow 4 \alpha$ -linkage and	$d 1 \rightarrow 6 \alpha$ -lin	ıkage			
161.	Which of the followin	g oxides is most acidie	e in nature?			[Ans. (3)]	
	(1) CaO	(2) BaO	(3) B	eO	(4) MgO		
162.	Nitration of aniline in	strong acidic medium	also gives m-1	nitroaniline beca	iuse	[Ans. (1)]	
	(1) In acidic (strong)	medium aniline is pres	ent as aniliniu	m ion.			
	(2) In absence of subs	tituents nitro group alv	ways goes to n	n-position.			
	(3) In electrophilic sul	bstitution reactions am	ino group is m	neta directive.			
	(4) In spite of substitu	ents nitro group alway	s goes to only	m-position.			
163.	Regarding cross-linke	d or network polymers	s, which of the	following state	ments is <i>inc</i>	orrect?	
	(1) They contain strong covalent bonds in their polymer chains. [Ans. (1)]						
	(2) Examples are bake	elite and melamine.					
	(3) They are formed f	rom bi- and tri-functio	nal monomers				
	(4) They contain cova	lent bonds between va	rious linear po	olymer chains.			
164.	Following solutions concentrations:	were prepared by mi	xing different	t volumes of N	VaOH and	HCl of different [Ans. (1)]	
	a. $60 \text{ mL } \frac{M}{10} \text{ HCl} + 4$	$40 \text{ mL } \frac{M}{10} \text{ NaOH}$	b. 55	$5 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ HCl} +$	$45 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10}$	NaOH	
	c. $75 \text{ mL } \frac{M}{5} \text{ HCl} + 2$	$25 \text{ mL } \frac{M}{5} \text{ NaOH}$	d. 10	$00 \text{ mL } \frac{M}{10} \text{ HCl} = 0$	- 100 mL $\frac{N}{10}$	1 NaOH	
	pH of which one of th	em will be equal to 1?					
	(1) c	(2) d	(3) a		(4) b		
165.	On which of the follow	wing properties does th	ne coagulating	power of an ior	depend?	[Ans. (2)]	
	(1) The sign of charge	e on the ion alone					
	(2) Both magnitude an	nd sign of the charge o	n the ion				
	(3) Size of the ion alo	ne					
	(4) The magnitude of	the charge on the ion	alone				
166.	The solubility of BaSe will be (Given molar in	O_4 in water is 2.42×1 mass of $BaSO_4 = 233$ §		8 K. The value	of its solubi	lity product (K_{sp}) [Ans. (4)]	
	(1) $1.08 \times 10^{-8} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}$	_2	(2) 1.	$08\times10^{-14}\mathrm{mol}^2$	L^{-2}		
	(3) $1.08 \times 10^{-12} \mathrm{mol}^2$	L^{-2}	(4) 1.	$08\times10^{-10}\mathrm{mol}^2$	L^{-2}		

167. Given van der Waals constant for NH₃, H₂, O₂ and CO₂ are respectively 4.17, 0.244, 1.36 and 3.59, which one of the following gases is most easily liquefied? [Ans. (4)]

(1) CO₂

(2) O_2

(3) H_2

(4) NH₃

Magnesium reac configuration of	ets with an element (X) to (X) is $1s^2 2s^2 2p^3$, the simple	form an ionic compoundest formula for this comp	nd. If the ground sound is	tate electronic [Ans. (1)]
(1) Mg3X2	(2) Mg ₂ X	$(3) MgX_2$	(4) Mg2X3	
of density of iron	n at room temperature to the			
(1) $\frac{1}{2}$	$(2) \ \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4\sqrt{2}}$	$(3) \ \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{2}}$	$(4) \ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}}$	
Which one is a w	<i>prong</i> statement?			[Ans. (2)]
(1) The value of	m for d_{z^2} is zero.			
(2) The electroni	c configuration of N atom i	S		
$ \begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{1s^2} & \mathbf{2s^2} \\ \uparrow \downarrow & \uparrow \downarrow \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c c} 2\mathbf{p_x^1} & 2\mathbf{p_y^1} & 2\mathbf{p_z^1} \\ \hline \uparrow & \uparrow & \downarrow \end{array}$			
		ım numbers while an ele	ctron in an atom is	designated by
(4) Total orbital	angular momentum of elect	ron in 's' orbital is equal	to zero.	
				[Ans. (3)]
CN ⁺ , CN [−] , N	O and CN			
Which one of the	_	nd order?		
(1) CN	(2) CN^+	(3) CN ⁻	(4) NO	
Which of the following	lowing statements is not true	e for halogens?		[Ans. (*)]
(1) Chlorine has	the highest electron-gain er	nthalpy.		
(2) All but fluori	ne show positive oxidation	states.		
(3) All are oxidiz	zing agents.			
(4) All form mor	nobasic oxyacids.			
Which one of the	e following elements is unab	ole to form MF_3^{3-} ion?		[Ans. (2)]
(1) In	(2) B	(3) Al	(4) Ga	
In the structure o	of ClF ₃ , the number of lone J	pairs of electrons on cent	ral atom 'Cl' is	[Ans. (3)]
(1) three	(2) four	(3) two	(4) one	
Considering Ellin	ngham diagram, which of th	ne following metals can b	e used to reduce alu	ımina?
(1) Cu	(2) Mg	(3) Zn	(4) Fe	[Ans. (2)]
The correct ord	er of atomic radii in group 1	13 elements is		[Ans. (1)]
(1) B < Ga < Al	< In < T1	(2) B < Ga < Al	< T1 < In	
(3) B < Al < Ga	< In < T1	(4) B < Al < In <	< Ga < T1	
The correct order	r of N-compounds in its de	creasing order of oxidation	on states is	[Ans. (4)]
(1) NH ₄ Cl, N ₂ , N	NO, HNO ₃	(2) HNO ₃ , NH ₄ 0	Cl, NO, N ₂	
(3) HNO ₃ , NO, N	NH ₄ Cl, N ₂	(4) HNO ₃ , NO,	N ₂ , NH ₄ Cl	
	configuration of (1) Mg ₃ X ₂ Iron exhibits bee of density of iron remains constant (1) $\frac{1}{2}$ Which one is a w (1) The value of (2) The electroni 1s ² 2s ² 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	configuration of (X) is $1s^2 2s^2 2p^3$, the simple (1) Mg_3X_2 (2) Mg_2X Iron exhibits bcc structure at room temperature of density of iron at room temperature to the remains constant with temperature) is (1) $\frac{1}{2}$ (2) $\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4\sqrt{2}}$ Which one is a <i>wrong</i> statement? (1) The value of m for d_{z^2} is zero. (2) The electronic configuration of N atom is $1s^2$ $2s^2$ $2p_x^1 2p_y^1 2p_z^1$ (3) An orbital is designated by three quantum four quantum numbers. (4) Total orbital angular momentum of electronic consider the following species: CN^+ , CN^- , NO and CN Which one of these will have the highest bosomore (1) CN (2) CN^+ Which of the following statements is not true (1) Chlorine has the highest electron-gain erection (2) All but fluorine show positive oxidation (3) All are oxidizing agents. (4) All form monobasic oxyacids. Which one of the following elements is unable (1) In (2) B In the structure of CIF_3 , the number of lone of the considering Ellingham diagram, which of the considering Ellingham diagram, which of the considering Ellingham diagram, which of the correct order of atomic radii in group of the corre	configuration of (X) is $1s^2 2s^2 2p^3$, the simplest formula for this comp (1) Mg ₃ X ₂ (2) Mg ₂ X (3) MgX ₂ Iron exhibits bee structure at room temperature. Above 900°C, it tratof density of iron at room temperature to that at 900°C (assuming memains constant with temperature) is $(1) \frac{1}{2} \qquad (2) \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4\sqrt{2}} \qquad (3) \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{2}}$ Which one is a <i>wrong</i> statement? (1) The value of m for d_{z^3} is zero. (2) The electronic configuration of N atom is $1s^2 2s^2 2p_x^1 2p_y^1 2p_x^1$ $1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 $	Iron exhibits bee structure at room temperature. Above 900°C, it transforms to fee struct of density of iron at room temperature to that at 900°C (assuming molar mass and atom remains constant with temperature) is $(1) \frac{1}{2} \qquad (2) \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4\sqrt{2}} \qquad (3) \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{2}} \qquad (4) \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}}$ Which one is a wrong statement? $(1) \text{ The value of m for } d_{z^2} \text{ is zero.}$ (2) The electronic configuration of N atom is $\frac{1s^2}{1} \frac{2s^2}{1} \frac{2p_x^1 2p_y^1 2p_z^1}{1} \frac{2p_z^1}{1}$ (3) An orbital is designated by three quantum numbers while an electron in an atom is four quantum numbers. $(4) \text{ Total orbital angular momentum of electron in 's' orbital is equal to zero.}$ Consider the following species: $CN^+, CN^-, NO \text{ and } CN$ Which one of these will have the highest bond order? $(1) CN \qquad (2) CN^+ \qquad (3) CN^- \qquad (4) NO$ Which of the following statements is not true for halogens? $(1) \text{ Chlorine has the highest electron-gain enthalpy.}$ (2) All but fluorine show positive oxidation states. $(3) \text{ All are oxidizing agents.}$ (4) All form monobasic oxyacids. Which one of the following elements is unable to form MF_3^{3-} ion? $(1) \text{ In } \qquad (2) \text{ B} \qquad (3) \text{ Al} \qquad (4) \text{ Ga}$ In the structure of CIF_3 , the number of lone pairs of electrons on central atom 'Cl' is $(1) \text{ three } \qquad (2) \text{ four } \qquad (3) \text{ two } \qquad (4) \text{ one }$ Considering Ellingham diagram, which of the following metals can be used to reduce alt $(1) \text{ Cu } \qquad (2) \text{ Mg} \qquad (3) \text{ Zn } \qquad (4) \text{ Fe}$ The correct order of atomic radii in group 13 elements is $(1) \text{ B} < \text{Ga} < \text{Al} < \text{In } < \text{Tl } \qquad (4) \text{ B} < \text{Al} < \text{Ga} < \text{Tl }$ The correct order of Alone radii in group 13 elements is $(1) \text{ B} < \text{Ga} < \text{Al} < \text{In } < \text{Tl } \qquad (4) \text{ B} < \text{Al} < \text{Ga} < \text{Tl }$ The correct order of N-compounds in its decreasing order of oxidation states is $(1) \text{ NH}_4\text{Cl}, \text{N2}, \text{NO}, \text{HNO}_3 \qquad (2) \text{ HNO}_3, \text{NH}_4\text{Cl}, \text{NO}, \text{N2}$

178. In the reaction [Ans. (1)]

$$\begin{array}{c}
OH \\
O-Na^+ \\
\hline
O+CHCl_3+NaOH
\end{array}$$

the electrophile involved is

(1) dichlorocarbene (:CCl₂)

(2) dichloromethyl anion (CHCl₂)

(3) formyl cation (CHO)

- (4) dichloromethyl cation (CHCl₂)
- 179. Carboxylic acids have higher boiling points than aldehydes, ketones and even alcohols of comparable molecular mass. It is due to their [Ans. (1)]
 - (1) formation of intermolecular H-bonding
 - (2) more extensive association of carboxylic acid via van der Waals force of attraction
 - (3) formation of carboxylate ion
 - (4) formation of intramolecular H-bonding
- 180. Compound A, C₈H₁₀O, is found to react with NaOI (produced by reacting Y with NaOH) and yields a yellow precipitate with characteristic smell. [Ans. (2)]

A and Y are respectively

(1)
$$CH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3$$
 OH and I_2

(3)
$$\sim$$
 CH₂ - CH₂ - OH and I₂

Read carefully the following instructions:

- 1. Each candidate must show on demand his her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 2. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 3. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 4. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 5. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 6. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 7. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.